

April 30, 2018

To: FirstEnergy Corp Master Pension Plan Participants

Subject: Defined Benefit Plan Annual Funding Notice – 2017 Plan Year

The Pension Protection Act of 2006 requires pension plan sponsors such as FirstEnergy Corp. to provide an annual funding notice to each plan participant and beneficiary. The notice must include the plan's funding percentage (net plan assets as a percentage of plan liabilities), a statement of the value of the plan's assets and liabilities, a description of how the plan's assets are invested, and a description of the benefits under the plan that are eligible to be guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC).

This year a temporary supplement, titled Supplement to Annual Funding Notice, is required by the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21), the Highway and Transportation Funding Act of 2014 (HATFA) and the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015. These federal laws changed how pension plans calculated their liabilities. The purpose of this supplement is to show you the effect of these changes.

This notice is provided for informational purposes only. No action on your part is required.

As of the January 1, 2017 valuation date, total plan assets were \$6,320,754,630 and plan liabilities were \$6,997,599,580. Calculations of pension funding amounts fluctuate frequently due to many financial factors including interest rates.

We have been proactive in our effort to maintain a favorable funding level and to help accomplish this goal, FirstEnergy contributed \$500 million to the Pension Trust on January 5, 2018 and an additional \$750 million on January 22, 2018. As always, we continue to monitor the plan funding levels and investment strategies.



Christine A. Kuhlke
Supervisor, Retirement Programs

Annual Funding Notice
For
FirstEnergy Corp. Master Pension Plan

Introduction

This notice includes important information about the funding status of your single-employer pension plan (the "Plan"). It also includes general information about the benefit payments guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC"), a federal insurance agency. All traditional pension plans (called "defined benefit pension plans") must provide this notice every year regardless of their funding status. This notice does not mean that the Plan is terminating. It is provided for informational purposes and you are not required to respond in any way. This notice is required by federal law. This notice is for the plan year beginning January 1, 2017 and ending December 31, 2017 ("Plan Year").

How Well Funded Is Your Plan

The law requires the administrator of the Plan to tell you how well the Plan is funded, using a measure called the "funding target attainment percentage." The Plan divides its Net Plan Assets by Plan Liabilities to get this percentage. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. The Plan's funding target attainment percentage for the Plan Year and each of the two preceding plan years is shown in the chart below. The chart also shows you how the percentage was calculated.

Funding Target Attainment Percentage

	Plan Year Beginning in 2017	Plan Year Beginning in 2016	Plan Year Beginning in 2015
1. Valuation Date	January 1, 2017	January 1, 2016	January 1, 2015
2. Plan Assets			
a. Total Plan Assets	\$6,320,754,630	\$5,835,231,531	\$6,164,810,977
b. Funding Standard Carryover Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0
c. Prefunding Balance	\$309,492,271	\$0	\$219,075,243
d. Net Plan Assets (a) – (b) – (c) = (d)	\$6,011,262,359	\$5,835,231,531	\$5,945,735,734
3. Plan Liabilities	\$6,997,599,580	\$6,780,774,027	\$6,486,335,350
4. Funding Target Attainment Percentage (2d)/(3)	85.90%	86.05%	91.66%

Plan Assets and Credit Balances

The chart above shows certain "credit balances" called the Funding Standard Carryover Balance and Prefunding Balance. A plan might have a credit balance, for example, if in a prior year an employer contributed money to the plan above the minimum level required by law. Generally, an employer may credit the excess money toward the minimum level of contributions required by law that it must make in future years. Plans must subtract these credit balances from Total Plan Assets to calculate their Funding Target Attainment Percentage.

Plan Liabilities

Plan Liabilities in line 3 of the chart above is an estimate of the amount of assets the Plan needs on the Valuation Date to pay for promised benefits under the plan.

Year-End Assets and Liabilities

The asset values in the chart above are measured as of the first day of the Plan Year. They also are "actuarial values." Actuarial values differ from market values in that they do not fluctuate daily based on changes in the stock or other markets. Actuarial values smooth out those fluctuations and can allow for more predictable levels of future contributions. Despite the fluctuations, market values tend to show a clearer picture of a plan's funded status at a given point in time. As of December 31, 2017, the fair market value of the Plan's assets was \$7,951,253,981. On this same date, the Plan's liabilities, determined using market rates, were \$8,873,318,108.

Participant Information

The total number of participants and beneficiaries covered by the Plan on the Valuation Date was 45,137. Of this number, 15,732 were current employees, 24,498 were retired and receiving benefits, and 4,907 were retired or no longer working for the employer and have a right to future benefits.

Funding & Investment Policies

Every pension plan must have a procedure to establish a funding policy for plan objectives. A funding policy relates to how much money is needed to pay promised benefits. The current funding policy of the Plan is to contribute no less frequently than annually an amount at least equal to the minimum contribution required by law. FirstEnergy Corp. may, at its discretion, contribute amounts in excess of the minimum required contribution.

Pension plans also have investment policies. These generally are written guidelines or general instructions for making investment management decisions. The investment policy of the Plan is established based upon current and projected financial requirements. The primary objectives of the investment policies in place are to preserve and enhance the funded ratio. It is expected that these objectives will be accomplished by thoughtfully minimizing asset volatility, matching asset returns with liability cash flows and employing risk mitigation strategies such as hedging. Under federal law, the fiduciaries responsible for investing the Plan's assets have a duty to prudently select and diversify investments to minimize the risk of large losses. The FirstEnergy Corp. Investment Committee has primary responsibility for selecting the Plan's investments and any investment advisors hired to manage any portion of the Plan's investment portfolio. The Investment Committee has adopted an investment policy that provides guidelines for choosing the Plan's investments and any investment advisors so as to ensure that the Plan has a prudently selected and diversified investment portfolio. The Investment Committee periodically reviews and may update its investment policy to reflect new information, including the performance of particular investments and the Plan's assets as a whole. Generally, the Plan's investment policy takes a long-term perspective, reflecting the fact that benefits may be paid for many years. Actual investment results may vary from year to year and investment results over a relatively short period are not indicative of the Plan obtaining reasonable long-term investment returns.

Under the investment policy, the Plan's assets were allocated among the following categories of investments, as of the end of the Plan Year. These allocations are percentages of total assets:

Asset Allocations	Percentage
Stocks	42%
Investment grade debt instruments	22%
High-yield debt instruments	0%
Real estate	9%
Other	27%

Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report

Pension plans must file annual reports with the US Department of Labor. The report is called the "Form 5500." These reports contain financial and other information. You may obtain an electronic copy of your Plan's annual report by going to www.efast.dol.gov and using the search tool. Annual reports also are available from the US Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration's Public Disclosure Room at 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N-1515, Washington, DC 20210, or by calling 202.693.8673. Or you may obtain a copy of the Plan's annual report by making a written request to the plan administrator. Annual reports do not contain personal information, such as the amount of your accrued benefits. You may contact your plan administrator if you want information about your accrued benefits. Your plan administrator is identified below under "Where to Get More Information."

Summary of Rules Governing Termination of Single-Employer Plans

If a plan terminates, there are specific termination rules that must be followed under federal law. A summary of these rules follows.

There are two ways an employer can terminate its pension plan. First, the employer can end a plan in a "standard termination" but only after showing the PBGC that such plan has enough money to pay all benefits owed to participants. Under a standard termination, a plan must either purchase an annuity from an insurance company (which will provide you with periodic retirement benefits, such as monthly, for life or for a set period of time when you retire) or, if the plan allows, issue one lump-sum payment that covers your entire benefit. Your plan administrator must give you advance notice that identifies the insurance company (or companies) selected to provide the annuity. The PBGC's guarantee ends upon the purchase of an annuity or payment of the lump-sum. If the plan purchases an annuity for you from an insurance company and that company becomes unable to pay, the applicable state guaranty association guarantees the annuity to the extent authorized by that state's law.

Second, if the plan is not fully-funded, the employer may apply for a distress termination. To do so, however, the employer must be in financial distress and prove to a bankruptcy court or to the PBGC that the employer cannot remain in business unless the plan is terminated. If the application is granted, the PBGC will take over the plan as trustee and pay plan benefits, up to the legal limits, using plan assets and PBGC guarantee funds.

Under certain circumstances, the PBGC may take action on its own to end a pension plan. Most terminations initiated by the PBGC occur when the PBGC determines that plan termination is needed to protect the interests of plan participants or of the PBGC insurance program. The PBGC can do so if, for example, a plan does not have enough money to pay benefits currently due.

Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC

When the PBGC takes over a plan, it pays pension benefits through its insurance program. Only benefits that you have earned a right to receive and that cannot be forfeited (called vested benefits) are guaranteed. Most participants and beneficiaries receive all of the pension benefits they would have received under their plan, but some people may lose certain benefits that are not guaranteed.

The amount of benefits that PBGC guarantees is determined as of the plan termination date. However, if a plan terminates during a plan sponsor's bankruptcy, then the amount guaranteed is determined as of the date the sponsor entered bankruptcy.

The PBGC maximum benefit guarantee is set by law and is updated each calendar year. For a plan with a termination date or sponsor bankruptcy date, as applicable in 2018, the maximum guarantee is \$5,420.45 per month, or \$65,045.40 per year, for a benefit paid to a 65-year-old retiree with no survivor benefit. If a plan terminates during a plan sponsor's bankruptcy, the maximum guarantee is fixed as of the calendar year in which the sponsor entered bankruptcy. The maximum guarantee is lower for an individual who begins receiving benefits from PBGC before age 65 reflecting the fact that younger retirees are expected to receive more monthly pension checks over their lifetimes. Similarly, the maximum guarantee is higher for an individual who starts receiving benefits from PBGC after age 65. The maximum guarantee by age can be found on PBGC's website, www.pbgc.gov. The guaranteed amount is also reduced if a benefit will be provided to a survivor of the plan participant.

The PBGC guarantees "basic benefits" earned before a plan is terminated, which include:

- Pension benefits at normal retirement age;
- Most early retirement benefits;
- Annuity benefits for survivors of plan participants; and
- Disability benefits for a disability that occurred before the date the plan terminated or the date the sponsor entered bankruptcy, as applicable.

The PBGC does not guarantee certain types of benefits:

- The PBGC does not guarantee benefits for which you do not have a vested right, usually because you have not worked enough years for the company.
- The PBGC does not guarantee benefits for which you have not met all age, service, or other requirements.
- Benefit increases and new benefits that have been in place for less than one year are not guaranteed. Those that have been in place for less than five years are only partly guaranteed.
- Early retirement payments that are greater than payments at normal retirement age may not be guaranteed. For example, a supplemental benefit that stops when you become eligible for Social Security may not be guaranteed.
- Benefits other than pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, death benefits, vacation pay, or severance pay, are not guaranteed.
- The PBGC generally does not pay lump sums exceeding \$5,000.

In some circumstances, participants and beneficiaries still may receive some benefits that are not guaranteed. This depends on how much money the terminated plan has and how much the PBGC recovers from employers for plan underfunding.

For additional general information about the PBGC and the pension insurance program guarantees, go to the "General FAQs about PBGC" on PBGC's website at www.pbgc.gov/generalfaqs. Please contact your employer or plan administrator for specific information about your pension plan or pension benefit. PBGC does not have that information. See "Where to Get More Information," below.

Corporate and Actuarial Information on File With PBGC

A plan sponsor must provide the PBGC with financial information about itself and actuarial information about the plan under certain circumstances, such as when the funding target attainment percentage of the plan (or any other pension plan sponsored by a member of the sponsor's controlled group) falls below 80% (other triggers may also apply). The sponsor of the Plan, FirstEnergy Corp., or a member of its controlled group, was subject to this requirement to provide corporate financial information and plan actuarial information to the PBGC. The PBGC uses this information for monitoring and other purposes.

Where to Get More Information

For more information about this notice, you can contact the FirstEnergy Pension Center at Aon, by writing to the FirstEnergy Pension Center, at PO Box 20, Lincolnshire, IL 60069, or by calling toll-free at 1-855-326-8167. For identification purposes, the official plan number is 001 and the plan sponsor's name and employer identification number or "EIN" are FirstEnergy Corp. and 34-1843785.

Disclosure Statement and Disclaimer

This notice is intended to comply with the requirements of section 101(f) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended. The disclosures provided in this notice are based on information available and believed to be accurate as of the date this notice is provided. All computations reflected in these disclosures have been performed based on a good faith interpretation of the applicable statutory and regulatory guidance in effect on the date this notice is provided. Such information and computations include, but are not limited to, the measurement of plan liabilities, reported values of plan assets, and allocation of assets. However, actual results for the Plan Year may change and will not be considered final until filed with the Department of Labor as part of the Annual Report (i.e., the Form 5500). Subsequently, such results will change only by amendment of the Annual Report for the Plan Year. See the Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report section for information about how to obtain a copy of the Annual Report. The plan sponsor does not undertake any obligation to update or publicly release any revisions to this notice, and no such revisions will be issued, to reflect any changes, including but not limited to, changes in the manner in which particular calculations are performed, changes in expectations, the adoption of plan amendments or any other events or circumstances occurring after this notice is provided.

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Right to Annual Benefit Statement

We wanted to remind you of your ability to request an estimate of your plan benefit. You can request an estimate of your current accrued benefit, or you can request an estimate of your benefit projected to a future date.

To request a benefit estimate electronically, access Your Pension Resources™ at <https://pension.hewitt.com/firstenergy>.

In order to estimate your current accrued benefit, select a termination date of today's date and select a benefit start date equal to your Normal Retirement Date in the plan (usually age 65). To project a future benefit, you may also select a projected termination date or an alternate benefit start date.

**Supplement to Annual Funding Notice
of FirstEnergy Corp. Master Pension Plan (Plan) for
Plan Year Beginning January 1, 2017 and Ending December 31, 2017 (Plan Year)**

This is a temporary supplement to your annual funding notice that is required by the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act, the Highway and Transportation Funding Act of 2014, and the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015. These federal laws changed how pension plans calculate their liabilities. The purpose of this supplement is to show you the effect of these changes. Prior to 2012, pension plans determined their liabilities using a two-year average of interest rates. Now pension plans also must take into account a 25-year average of interest rates. This means that interest rates likely will be higher and plan liabilities lower than they were under prior law. As a result, your employer may contribute less money to the plan at a time when market interest rates are at or near historical lows.

The "Information Table" compares the impact of using interest rates based on the 25-year average (the "adjusted interest rates") and interest rates based on a two-year average on the Plan's: (1) Funding Target Attainment Percentage, (2) Funding Shortfall, and (3) Minimum Required Contribution. The funding target attainment percentage is a measure of how well the plan is funded on a particular date. The funding shortfall is the amount by which liabilities exceed net plan assets. The minimum required contribution is the amount of money an employer is required by law to contribute to a plan in a given year. The following table shows this information determined with and without the adjusted interest rates. The information is provided for the Plan Year and for each of the two preceding plan years, if applicable.

Information Table

	Plan Year Beginning 2017		Plan Year Beginning 2016		Plan Year Beginning 2015	
	With Adjusted Interest Rates	Without Adjusted Interest Rates	With Adjusted Interest Rates	Without Adjusted Interest Rates	With Adjusted Interest Rates	Without Adjusted Interest Rates
Funding Target Attainment Percentage	85.80%	70.89%	86.05%	71.30%	91.66%	74.73%
Funding Shortfall	\$986,337,221	\$2,468,007,502	\$945,542,496	\$2,348,341,851	\$540,599,616	\$2,009,947,800
Minimum Required Contribution	\$470,616,341	\$739,455,992	\$429,304,637	\$681,548,957	\$336,684,738	\$606,951,646

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Annual Funding Notice for the FirstEnergy Corp. Master Pension Plan

Do I need to do anything now?

No action is required from you. The notice is provided to comply with the Pension Protection Act and as an overall process to provide you with information about the Retirement Plan.

Why am I receiving this notice?

Each year, FirstEnergy files a Form 5500 with the government that describes the Retirement Plan funded status. The federally required Annual Funding Notice provides you with information about the Retirement Plan. You should keep this notice with your other benefit information.

What is provided in the Annual Funding Notice?

The Annual Funding Notice provides you with the following information:

- The fair market value of Retirement Plan assets and liabilities,
- The Retirement Plan funding target attainment percentage,
- A description of the Retirement Plan's funding and investment policies,
- The number of participants covered by the Retirement Plan, and
- A brief explanation of guaranteed benefits under the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

What is the funding target attainment percentage?

The funding target attainment percentage is the Retirement Plan funding level. On any given date, you divide the Retirement Plan's net assets by its liabilities to calculate the funding target attainment percentage. For example, on January 1, 2017, the Retirement Plan net asset were \$6,320,754,630 and its liabilities were \$6,997,599,580. The Retirement Plan's funding target attainment percentage is 85.90 percent (\$6,320,754,630 divided by \$6,997,599,580).

Who receives the Annual Funding Notice?

The Annual Funding Notice is distributed to each Retirement Plan participant and beneficiary, and each labor organization (if applicable) that represents participants and beneficiaries.

Does the government receive a copy of the Annual Funding Notice?

A copy of the Annual Funding Notices is filed with the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation if unfunded liabilities reach at least \$50 million.

What are unfunded liabilities?

Unfunded liabilities occur if you have a negative amount after subtracting benefits earned by all Retirement Plan participants from the total Retirement Plan assets.

What is a master trust?

A master trust is a trust fund that is funded periodically as required and holds all of the assets of the qualified FirstEnergy Corp. Master Pension Plan. The Bank of New York Mellon serves as the trustee.

Are there other ways the government may learn about the Retirement Plan's funded status?

No, the Retirement Plan's funded status is provided each year in the annual Form 5500 that is filed with the Department of Labor.

Will I receive another notice if the Retirement Plan's funded status changes?

The Retirement Plan's funded status changes every year. Therefore, an Annual Funding Notice will be mailed to the address we have on file for you by April 30 of each calendar year. It is very important that you contact us whenever your address changes.

Am I receiving the most recent information available in the Annual Funding Notice?

The asset and liability information shown under the heading "Year-End Assets and Liabilities", represents the numbers in effect as of the end of the last plan year (December 31, 2017).